

4-1-1968

# The Kentucky High School Athlete, April 1968

Kentucky High School Athletic Association

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## Recommended Citation

Kentucky High School Athletic Association, "The Kentucky High School Athlete, April 1968" (1968). *The Athlete*. Book 133.  
<http://encompass.eku.edu/athlete/133>

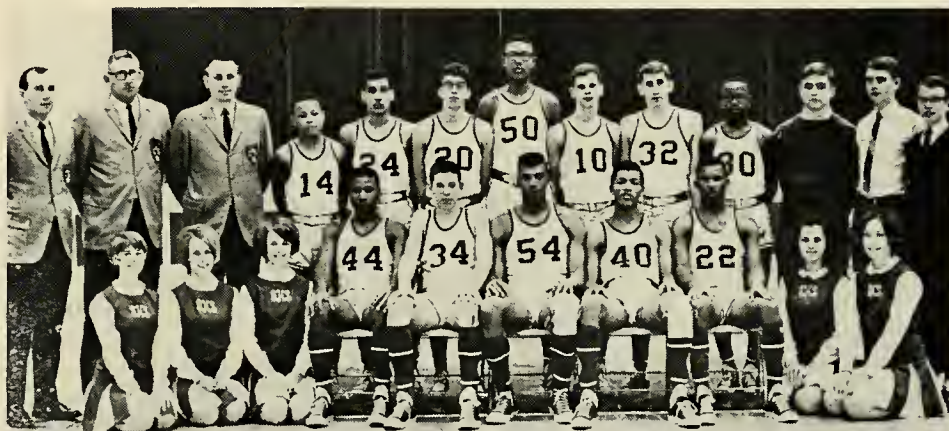
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# THE KENTUCKY



# High School Athlete

## GLASGOW HIGH SCHOOL BASKETBALL TEAM K.H.S.A.A. CHAMPION—1968



(Left to Right) Front Row: Barbara McCuiston, Barbara Houchens, Ila Hapney, Harry Francis, Larry Ward, Jerry Dunn, Rex Bailey, Larry Bransford, Pat Button, Sue Byrd. Second Row: Coach Bob Driver, Coach Tom Downing, Coach Jim Richards, Jerry Rhodes, Larry Huffman, Steve Lewis, Bill Buford, Bob Landrum, Mike Hyde, Nathaniel Mills, Mgr. Dennis Fant, Mgr. Larry Gilbert, Mgr. Gary Hapney.

### District Tournament Games Won

Glasgow ..... 85-37 .... Austin Tracy  
 Glasgow ..... 71-39 .... Allen County  
 Glasgow ..... 75-56 ..... Scottsville

### Regional Tournament Games Won

Glasgow ..... 91-61 ... Bowling Green  
 Glasgow ..... 85-42 ..... Adairville  
 Glasgow ..... 72-53 ... Tompkinsville

Official Organ of the  
**KENTUCKY HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION**

April, 1968

SENECA—RUNNER-UP  
1968 STATE BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT



(Left to Right) Front Row: Mgr. Simmie Butler, Mgr. Steve Williams, Mgr. Tom Drake. Second Row: Ass't Coach Richard Hall, Richie Summers, Thaddeus Overall, Ron Green, Charles Mitchell, John Meadway, Roland Allen, Roy Simpson, Mike Lawhon, Frank Loudermilk, Daryl Bishop, Howard Farrell, Bob Nelson, Carey Eaves, Head Coach George Unsel.

CANEYVILLE—SEMI-FINALIST  
1968 STATE BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT



(Left to Right) Glen Wilson, Leon Davis, Jerry Weedman, Carl Brown, Bobby Embry, Coach Bill Lee, Larry Nash, David Brown, Russell Mattingly, Arlon Tomes, Mike Majors, Tommy Brown.

# The Kentucky High School Athlete

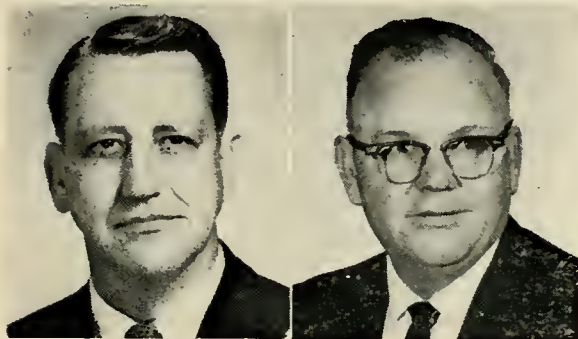
Official Organ of the  
Kentucky High School Athletic Association

VOL. XXX—NO. 9

APRIL, 1968

\$1.00 Per Year

## NEWLY ELECTED BOARD MEMBERS



Morton Combs

James T. Dotson

Prin. Morton Combs of the Carr Creek High School and Prin. James T. Dotson of the Johns Creek High School will represent Sections 7 and 8 respectively on the Board of Control for a four-year period, beginning July 1, 1968. Mr. Combs will begin his second term as a Board member. He is currently Board Vice-President.

Morton Combs, a graduate of the Hazard High School, received his A.B. degree from Kentucky Wesleyan College and his M.A. degree from the University of Kentucky. He started his teaching career at the Carr Creek High School in 1938; and except for the 1942-46 period when he was in the Army, has been at this one school as coach and later as principal since that time.

Mr. Combs is married to the former Miss Dale Smith, a native of Knott County. The Combs have two children, Glen and Linda Susan.

Morton Combs is active in the work of his local Lions Club. He is a member of the Baptist Church. His basketball team won the State Tournament in 1956. In 1963 he was named Basketball Coach of the Year by his fellow coaches of the Kentucky High School Coaches Association. He coached the East All-Stars in the 1964 K.H.S.C.A. basketball game.

James T. Dotson is a native Pike Countian. He received his early education in the Pike County schools, and did his college work at Eastern Kentucky University. He has spent some twenty-five years in the teaching profession, the last six years as

principal at Johns Creek.

Mr. Dotson is a member of the Pikeville Kiwanis Club. Being interested in the overall development of young people, he believes that a sound athletic program is essential to their total development. He is a minister of the gospel.

The Dotsons have five children. One teaches in the Pike County school system. A second is an assistant school bus supervisor. Two sons are in college, one a senior at Marshall University, the other a freshman at Eastern Kentucky University. The remaining son is a junior at the Johns Creek High School.

## 1968 Annual Meeting

The business meeting of the Kentucky High School Athletic Association will be held on Thursday, April 18, at 2:30 P.M. The place will be the Crystal Ballroom at the Brown Hotel, Louisville. The dinner meeting will be held at 6:00 P.M. in the Crystal Ballroom.

As provided in Article IX, Section 1, of the K.H.S.A.A. Constitution, the following proposals for changes in the Constitution and By-Laws will be submitted to the Delegate Assembly.

### PROPOSAL I

The Board of Control proposes that an additional paragraph (d) be added to Article VIII, Section 3, of the K.H.S.A.A. Constitution, to read as follows: "If 'corresponding date' appears in a football or basketball contract, Thanksgiving Day is the date from which the corresponding date shall be determined in football, the date of the district tournament final game in basketball. This rule as it applies to basketball shall go into effect in 1970-71."

### PROPOSAL II

Prin. Edwin K. Burton (Newport), Prin. K. B. Farmer (Seneca), and James T. Dotson (Johns Creek) propose that the following be substituted for By-Law 4, Age, to take effect as of August 1, 1968: "A contestant becomes ineligible on his nineteenth birthday with the following exceptions: If the age of nineteen is attained after the sport season

(Continued on Page Ten)

APRIL, 1968

VOL. XXX—NO. 9

Published monthly, except June and July, by the Kentucky High School Athletic Association  
Office of Publication, Lexington, Ky. 40501  
Second class postage paid at Lexington, Kentucky.  
Editor ----- THEO. A. SANFORD  
Assistant Editor ----- J. B. MANSFIELD  
Lexington, Ky.  
BOARD OF CONTROL  
President ----- Don R. Rawlings (1965-69), Danville  
Vice-President ----- Morton Combs (1964-68), Carr Creek  
Directors — Alvin Almond (1967-71), Bowling Green; Don Davis (1967-71), Independence; Ralph C. Dorsey (1966-70), Horse Cave; Preston Holland (1965-70), Murray; Foster J. Sanders (1966-70), Louisville; Oran C. Teater (1969-68), Paintsville.  
Subscription Rate ----- \$1.00 per Year

## From the Commissioner's Office

### REPORTS PAST DUE

1. 1967-68 Basketball Participation List (Eligibility)
2. School's Report on Basketball Officials
3. Official's Report on Schools (Basketball)

### Baseball Area Leaders

K.H.S.A.A.-trained area representatives in baseball, who are currently conducting clinics for coaches and officials and who are assisting with registration of new officials, are rendering a fine service to the Association. The names and addresses of these men, with the residence and business phone numbers (residence numbers given first), are as follows:

W. P. "Dub" Russell, Murray, 753-8722, 753-5125  
Cletus Hubbs, Hopkinsville, 885-6578, 886-3384  
Al Giordano, Princeton, 365-5680, 365-5615  
Curtis Gaines, Henderson, 826-9933, 826-6232  
Jerry Kimmel, Beechmont, 476-2656, 476-2656  
Bob Gour, Bowling Green, 843-9582, 745-4293  
Carroll Elliott, Elizabethtown, 765-4007, 765-6118  
Shelby Winfrey, Campbellsville, 465-8392, 465-8392  
Ed Eyl, Louisville, 452-1001, 452-1001  
Roy Cline, Louisville, 637-8249, 637-8249  
James Kidwell, Covington, 581-9141, 581-9141  
Harry Stephenson, Lexington, 299-1757, 233-8310  
Bunny Davis, Danville, 236-2606, 236-2606  
Jack Smith, Somerset, 679-1211, 252-6602  
Merritt Penner, Manchester, 598-3711, 598-3711  
Jack Lindsey, Blackey, 633-5353, 633-5353  
Howard Wiley, Paintsville, 789-5546, 789-3663  
Dale Griffith, Ashland, 324-2497, 324-1155  
Don Hardin, Morehead, 764-7698, 784-7696

### Institute on Girls Sports

Mrs. Sara Staff Jernigan, Director of the Fifth National Institute on Girls Sports, writes that the Institute will be held at the University of Illinois, Urbana, on January 21-25, 1969. The Institute is being sponsored jointly by the Women's Board of the United States Olympic Development Committee and the Division for Girls and Women's Sports of the AAHPER.

The purpose of the Institute is to increase the depth of experience and expand opportunities for girls and women in sports. This purpose should be widely interpreted to include many sports. However, this Fifth Institute on Girls Sports will include advanced coaching techniques and officiating in track and field, basketball and officiating in gymnastics.

All persons interested must make their own applications because a unique selection system will be utilized to determine the participants of this Institute.

The design is for each sports area to be independently and concurrently conducted. Individuals attending the Institute will be permitted to participate in **one** only of the four sports areas. The Institute is divided into the following areas: 1) Advanced coaching techniques in basketball, 2) Officiating in basketball, 3) Advanced coaching techniques and officiating in track and field, 4) Officiating in gymnastics. Participants will be selected for one area only on the basis of specific qualifications as stated by them for their chosen area.

All applications **must** be received not later than May 20, 1968. Write for application forms to: Dr. Jo Anne Thorpe, Chairman; Selection Committee, Fifth National Institute on Girls Sports, Physical Education Department for Women, Southern Illinois University, Carbondale, Illinois 62901.

### Oops!

In the names of the K.H.S.A.A. area baseball representatives, appearing under the picture in the March issue of the ATHLETE, the name of Jack Lindsey of Blackey was omitted through an error. Mr. Lindsey was in the top row of officials, fourth from the left.

### Baseball Case Book

**Page 22, Ruling for Play 138:** In the last sentence there is a printer's error. It should be, ". . . and the count remains ball 3, strike 2."

### Minutes of Board Meeting

The Board of Control of the Kentucky High School Athletic Association met at the Kentucky Hotel, Louisville, on Friday morning, March 15, 1968. The meeting was called to order by President Don R. Rawlings at 9:00, with all Board members and Commissioner Theo. A. Sanford present. The invocation was given by Preston Holland.

Don Davis moved, seconded by Oran C. Teater, that the reading of the minutes of the January 20th meeting be waived since the members of the Board had received copies of these minutes. The motion was carried unanimously.

The Commissioner reported the results of the recent balloting for Board membership in Sections 7 and 8. The balloting in Section 7 was as follows: Morton Combs, 33; James A. Pursifull, 12. The balloting in Section 8 was as follows: James T. Dotson, 17; Gordon Moore, 14; Rex Miller, 11; Lloyd Stumbo, 3.

The Commissioner stated that he had received several inquiries concerning his interpretation of "corresponding date" on the basketball contracts. He stated that, in his opinion, a Board proposal should be submitted to the Delegate Assembly to define "corresponding date" in basketball based on the district basketball tournament date. He suggested the following: "Add to Article VIII, Section 3, of the K.H.S.A.A. Constitution an additional paragraph (d) to read as follows: If 'corresponding date' appears in a football or basketball contract, Thanksgiving Day is the date from which the corresponding date shall be determined in football, the date of the district tournament final game in basketball. This rule as it applies to basketball shall go into effect in 1970-71." Oran C. Teater moved, seconded by Foster J. Sanders, that the proposal submitted by the Commissioner be accepted as a Board proposal and presented to the forthcoming Delegate Assembly. The motion was carried unanimously.

The Commissioner read a letter from Prin. Joe Orr

**LEE COUNTY—SEMI-FINALIST  
1968 STATE BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT**



(Left to Right) Front Row: Gabbard, Cook, Cox, Jennings, W. Abner, K. Flynn, H. Combs, Neeley. Second Row: D. Abner, Napier, Hayes, R. Combs, Brown, R. Stamper, Lewis, A. Combs, Goocey, Mays. Third Row: Hobbs, M. Flynn, Blanton, Wiseman, Congleton, L. Stamper, Rose, Burgess, Hansen, Wince, Coach Heber Dunaway.

of the Irvine High School, Secretary-Treasurer of the Kentucky High School Coaches Association. In a Board meeting held on September 30, 1967, Mr. Ohr had been asked to bring to the attention of his Executive Committee a request by the Board of Control that the two associations combine in attempting to secure better insurance coverage for high school athletes, and that the Kentucky High School Coaches Association consider making an annual appropriation in its budget to supplement the present K.H.S.A.A. insurance subsidy. Mr. Ohr stated in his letter that his Executive Board, in a meeting held on February 3, 1968, had declined to participate in the insurance plan proposed by the Board of Control. He ended his letter by saying: "I sincerely hope that the Board of Control of the Kentucky High School Association will be able to put this plan into effect without our assistance."

The Commissioner reviewed for the Board the plan of State Basketball Tournament ticket distribution and sales, and asked for any suggestions concerning possible changes in the plan. The Board saw no reason to change its plan of State Tournament ticket distribution and other policies of the Association since these policies appear to be satisfactory to the school administrators and coaches served by the Kentucky High School Athletic Association.

Alvin Almond moved, seconded by Ralph C. Dorsey, that all bills of the Association for the period beginning January 1, 1968, and ending February 29, 1968, be allowed. The motion was carried unanimously.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

## Postscripts On Athletics

By Rhea H. Williams

*Editor's Note: The article below appeared in a recent issue of the Texas Interscholastic Leaguer. Dr. Williams is State Athletic Director of the Texas University Interscholastic League.*

Research on why coaches succeed or fail, by Cecil Garrison of Arkansas State College, should be of great interest and concern to all physical education teachers and coaches. This project was conducted over a ten-year period and consists of interviews with 100 high school administrators in Arkansas in an attempt to identify factors involved in the success or failure of physical education personnel and coaches.

Although this research was done in Arkansas, it is safe to assume that approximately the same factors would be uncovered in any other state in the union as to the causes for success or failure in teaching and coaching.

### Reasons for Success

The three most common factors for success in teaching physical education and coaching were found to be cooperation with the school administration and other teachers in the school system, good methods of teaching and good coaching techniques. There was a definite correlation between retention of a coach and his moral standards. It is significant that in those schools where no personnel changes occurred, each of the persons involved had a reputation in the community for high moral standards.

### Divided Allegiance

This writer has contended all along that a coach who cooperates with the administration and is respected by his fellow teachers, who is a good teacher both in the classroom and on the practice field, who works hard and uses good coaching techniques and who sets a high standard of moral conduct is not likely to lose his

position.

Any coach who places his primary allegiance to the quarterback club rather than to the school administration cannot expect any help from the people whose responsibility it is to direct the entire school curriculum; and the statement "no man can serve two masters" is as true here as in any other area of life. The coach's first responsibility must always be to the school administration and to the educational aspects of athletics.

#### Coach Is Teacher

Coaches should be good teachers whether in the classroom or on the athletic field. No coach can gain the respect of his fellow teachers or students unless he does a creditable job of teaching. Too often, especially in physical education classes, coaches fail to meet their obligations as good teachers.

Much too often do they merely toss a ball to the members of the class and then go into the gymnasium to work on some other phase of their program. This is a travesty. The coach should be, and is, the best person to do a good job of directing the physical education program if he would only make an effort to do so.

Any coach who is alert, energetic and sincere will have good coaching techniques and methods. It is interesting to note that the Number One reason for the dismissal of physical education teachers and coaches is indolence. Webster's Dictionary defines indolence as indulging in ease; avoiding labor and exertion; lazy, inaction or want of exertion of body or mind, and slothful.

It is a sad commentary that people who should be the most active and energetic should find the chief cause for dismissal in their profession group is, in plain words, laziness.

#### Set Moral Tone

There is no doubt but that one of the chief criteria for the selection and retaining of a coach or physical education teacher should be the example which he sets for students under his direction. This is especially true of the coach, as perhaps no one influences the actions of the pupil under his control more than the coach.

His players tend to imitate and emulate him in every way. It is therefore imperative that a coach set high standards in morals, ethics and in all personal habits. A person who is not willing to live an exemplary life in the area of morals has no business in the coaching business.

It is interesting to note once again that the third cause for dismissal of coaches and physical education teachers was low morals.

We have purposely tried to approach the factors in the success or failure of high school coaches and physical education teachers from the positive and not the negative. However, for the records, the following includes some of the reasons administrators gave in the survey for the dismissal of physical education teachers and coaches: indolence, 14 per cent; non-cooperativeness, 13 per cent; low morals, 10 per cent; poor coaching, 9 per cent; unpopularity with team, 7 per cent; loss of games, 6 per cent; uncontrollable temper, 6 per cent; poor discipline, 4 per cent; and noncompliance with state association rules, 3 per cent.

In many cases there is no doubt but that "failure to win" is the major reason for the dismissal of the coach. Coaching is now and always has been a most unstable vocation as far as tenure is concerned, when compared with other teaching positions. The tenure correlation, however, of coaches is very similarly related to tenure of school superintendents; and in both instances the larger the school system the more stable the tenure.

#### Can't Win 'Em All

The best way for coaches to insure tenure in a

school system is not to place all the emphasis on "win at all costs," as this will not insure the continuation of your position unless you do win every year. As records prove, no one can win all the time. The best insurance for coaching tenure is to be cooperative with the administration and teachers, to be a good teacher, to keep alert with good coaching techniques, to be a good moral influence in the community and to work with the youth outside of school such as youth programs, church programs, and other community activities.

The coach who does this will find himself in a position similar to that of a fellow coach who several years ago lost all ten games and turned in his resignation to the school board. Upon learning this fact, a petition was started in the community to retain his services, and this petition listed the names of 1,500 people in a town with a population of 1,800.

This is the greatest compliment that a coach can receive and in most instances will do more to insure tenure in the coaching profession than any other approach to the problem.

## 1968 Track Questions

Editor's Note: These interpretations of the 1968 National Alliance Track and Field Rules do not set aside nor modify any rule. The rulings are made and published by the National Federation of State High School Athletic Associations in response to situations presented.

1. Situation: A1, during competition which is conducted on an all-weather track, sets a meet record in the 880 yard run. There was a question as to whether the record should be allowed since there was no raised curb, marking the inner edge of the all-weather track.

Ruling: A painted line 2 inches wide may be used to mark the inner edge of an all-weather track provided the track is measured at the pole which will be 8 inches into the track. The track meeting these standards is legal and, therefore, records established are acceptable.

2. Situation: A1 draws lane 6 (outside) and A2 draws lane 2. They ask permission to exchange lanes.

Ruling: Permission cannot be granted.

3. Situation: In the mile run, A1 is leading the field on the straightaway some 50 yards from the finish line. He is in front by 20 or 30 yards. As he approaches the finish line it is obvious that he is completely exhausted and is having difficulty in finishing the race. He falls three yards from the finish line and crawls the rest of the distance but does not get his entire body across the finish line. He is the first runner to touch the finish line.

Ruling: A1 has won the race. It is no longer necessary for a runner who falls to completely cross the finish line before he is considered to have finished. Whenever any part of his torso touches the finish line the runner is considered to have finished.

4. Situation: Should the watch be stopped when any part of a runner's torso except his hands or arms reaches the finish line?

Ruling: Yes, the watch should be stopped when the runner touches the finish line with his torso.

5. Situation: A1 knocks over one or more hurdles during the 120 yard high hurdle race.

Ruling: This does not disqualify A1 provided he made a valid attempt to cross each hurdle and did not run around, or trail his leg or foot alongside of, any hurdle.

6. Situation: When does a contestant officially become a participant?

Ruling: A contestant officially becomes a partici-

pant when he or a relay team of which he is a member, reports to the clerk of course, or when he reports to the judge of the field event in which he is entered.

7. Situation: In a dual meet, Team A reports to the starter-clerk-referee for the 880 yard relay. Team B then reports. Before the instructions are given, Team B requests A4 be substituted for A2.

Ruling: The substitution cannot be allowed. A competitor becomes a participant when he or his relay team reports to the clerk.

8. Situation: In the final of the 100 yard dash, lanes have been assigned and the competitors have reported to the starter. A1, who has been placed in lane 1, becomes ill and cannot run. B1, who was assigned the second lane, requests permission to move to the pole.

Ruling: Permission may not be granted unless there is evidence that the lane in which B1 is running is faulty in some respect.

9. Situation: In the 120 yard high hurdle event, the starter has fired the gun, but the assistant starter recalls the competitors. Did the assistant starter act within his authority?

Ruling: When an assistant starter or recall judge is used in a meet, it is his duty to recall the runners if there has been an unfair start. In meets in which there is no assistant starter or recall judge, this additional responsibility must be accepted by the starter. When there is no assistant starter or recall judge, the starter's judgment as to the fairness of the start shall be final and without appeal.

10. Situation: For the finals of the 440 yard dash which is to be run in lanes around 2 full turns, A1, who was a heat winner, has been assigned lane 3. Should such a runner have the opportunity to draw for a lane in the finals?

Ruling: In events run in lanes around 1 or 2 turns, the heat winners may be allowed to draw for select lanes unless the meet management has made arrangements for the select lanes to be assigned on the basis of order of finish. In this situation, since the lane has been assigned, A1 is not entitled to draw for the lane by lot.

11. Situation: After the head field judge has approved the final results of the shot put, the referee finds an error and orders the winner, A1, to be disqualified.

Ruling: This is not permitted. After the assistant judge in the shot put has made his decision and it has been approved by the head judge, it is final and without appeal.

12. Situation: In the running long jump or triple jump, A1 steps on the take-off board with his spikes but the toe of his shoe extends slightly beyond the take-off line.

Ruling: This is a foul. Whenever a jumper's shoe extends beyond the scratch line, the jump is not measured.

Comment: The ground immediately in front of the take-off board should slant upward at a 30 degree angle so the extending of the toe beyond the take-off line will result in an imprint. Such a mark immediately classifies the jump as an unsuccessful trial. If the ground is not raised, the judge must use his judgment.

13. Situation: During a running long jump, A1 legally takes off from the toe board but lands outside the landing pit. The mark is measured and the distance is better than the existing record.

Ruling: This is not a legal jump and it should not be measured. There can be no record established with an illegal jump. This counts as one of the allowable trials.

14. Situation: In a relay race, Team A is at the starting line with a baton which is taped so that the overlapping layers form corrugations or is taped in sections so that there are layers at each end and in the middle of the baton.

Ruling: Team A may not use the baton until the tape is removed. The use of tape on the baton is prohibited.

15. Situation: At the completion of the discus, the assistant judges are measuring the best marks with a nylon tape. Is the use of a tape made of any material other than steel acceptable?

Ruling: The use of either a steel or a nylon tape in measuring a field event is authorized.

16. Situation: In the discus competition, A1 desires to use a discus which belongs to another competitor.

Ruling: This is legal if the owner gives his permission and provided that the meet management has not specified the equipment which is to be used.

17. Situation: During the time a competitor starts his throwing movement in the shot put or discus throw but before the time the put or throw is marked: (a) he touches the ground outside the circle with some part of his body or wearing apparel; or (b) he steps on the top of the marking band or the shot put stopboard.

Ruling: In both (a) and (b) this constitutes an illegal throw which counts as a trial. The throw is not measured.

18. Situation: A1 desires to use a discus made of: (a) rubber or; (b) metal material; or (c) plastic which is embedded with lead fragments.

Ruling: In (a), a rubber discus which conforms to official specifications for size, shape and weight is legal. In (b) and (c), a discus made of metal or plastic embedded with lead is not legal equipment.

19. Situation: In a dual meet the coach of Team A stands by the pole vaulting pit and gives instructions to his vaulters during competition.

Ruling: This is a violation and the competitors should be disqualified. Furthermore, the coach must be removed from the area of competition.

20. Situation: While A1 is competing in a distance race: (a) he carries an artificial aid to assist in pacing; or (b) A2 or the coach or someone connected with Team A takes a position near the track to call lap times or otherwise aid and encourage him.

Ruling: In both (a) and (b) this is a violation, and the referee will disqualify the runner.

21. Situation: In a preliminary heat, A1 concludes a race in a time which is better than any made in the finals or he jumps farther in a preliminary running long jump trial than anyone who competes in the finals.

Ruling: Times which are made in the preliminaries or semi-finals for a race (including the hurdles) or performances in the preliminary or semi-finals of the pole vault or high jump are counted for a record, but no points are scored for them. For these events, points are scored only in the finals. In contrast, the performances in the preliminaries and semi-finals of the running long and triple jumps or weight events are counted for points the same as performances in the finals. In these events, a competitor's best distance during the entire meet is credited to him and points are awarded accordingly.

(Continued on Page Ten)



# 1968 Kentucky State High School Basketball Tournament Results

Clark County	79	Clark County	52		
Russell	73			Lee County	53
Danville	58				
Lee County	76	Lee County	54		
Henry Clay	66				Seneca 68
Seneca	68	Seneca	86		
Christian County	87			Seneca	57
Clay County	70	Christian County	67		
Paducah Tilghman	47				
Caneyville	54	Caneyville	61		
Meade Memorial	71			Caneyville	43
Shelby County	81	Shelby County	60		
Elizabethtown Catholic	44				Glasgow 77
Thomas Jefferson	56	Thomas Jefferson	65		
Glasgow	74			Glasgow	59
Covington Catholic	70	Glasgow	77		

## Tournament Officials

**JERRY KIMMEL**  
 Beechmont  
**HAYSE McCOY**  
 Inez  
**MYRON REINHARDT**  
 Alexandria  
**GOEBEL RITTER**  
 Whitesburg  
**WAYNE SMITH**  
 Campbellsville  
**WILLARD SMITH**  
 Campbellsville  
**ROY WINCHESTER**  
 Bethlehem  
**SHELBY WINFREY**  
 Campbellsville

Glasgow

CHAMPION

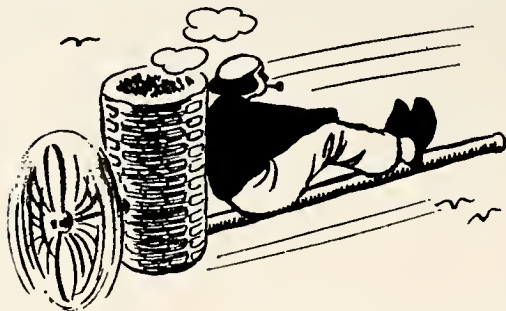
## All-Tournament Team

Daryl Bishop ..... Seneca  
 Billy Cheatham Christian Co.  
 Parke Congleton ... Lee Co.  
 Leon Davis ..... Caneyville  
 Terry Davis ..... Shelby Co.  
 Jerry Dunn ..... Glasgow  
 Bobby Embry ... Caneyville  
 Mike Lawhon ..... Seneca  
 Charles Mitchell ..... Seneca  
 Larry Stamper ... Lee Co.  
 Ronnie Thomas Tho. Jefferson  
 Larry Ward ..... Glasgow

# Summary of All Shots Taken in State Tournament

WINNERS		Short	Medium	Long	Field Ratio	Pct.	Foul Ratio	Foul Pct.	LOSERS					Short	Medium	Long	Field Ratio	Pct.	Foul Ratio	Foul Pct.
1.	Clark County	41-23	33-6	0-0	74-29	39.2	32-21	65.6	Russell County	53-24	28-5	0-0	81-29	35.8	19-15	78.9				
2.	Lee County	42-27	18-7	0-0	60-34	56.7	29-8	27.6	Danville	32-16	27-9	0-0	59-25	42.4	13-8	61.5				
3.	Seneca	34-17	35-11	0-0	69-28	40.6	24-12	50.0	Henry Clay	29-12	36-16	0-0	66-28	42.4	14-10	71.4				
4.	Christian County	50-32	19-7	0-0	69-39	56.5	19-9	47.4	Clay County	28-11	27-14	0-0	55-25	45.5	26-20	76.9				
5.	Caneyville	23-14	35-11	0-0	58-25	43.1	7-4	57.1	Paducah Tilghman	27-12	27-9	1-0	55-22	40.0	5-3	60.0				
6.	Shelby County	42-25	37-9	0-0	79-34	43.0	15-13	86.7	Meade Memorial	28-16	32-11	0-0	60-27	45.0	25-17	68.0				
7.	Thomas Jefferson	26-10	33-13	0-0	59-23	39.0	15-10	66.7	Elizabeth'n Cath.	20-5	28-12	1-0	49-17	34.7	13-10	76.9				
8.	Glasgow	33-16	36-13	0-0	69-29	42.0	25-16	64.0	Covington Catholic	33-19	12-5	0-0	45-24	53.3	28-22	78.6				
9.	Lee County	26-13	30-7	0-0	56-20	35.7	22-14	63.6	Clark County	22-12	38-10	0-0	60-22	36.7	14-8	57.1				
10.	Seneca	34-11	36-12	1-1	71-24	33.8	27-18	66.7	Christian County	28-21	31-7	0-0	60-28	46.7	18-11	61.1				
11.	Caneyville	25-14	29-11	0-0	54-25	46.3	16-11	68.8	Shelby County	30-18	28-8	1-0	59-26	44.1	14-8	57.1				
12.	Glasgow	27-12	32-15	0-0	59-27	45.8	38-23	60.5	Thomas Jefferson	37-17	26-9	0-0	63-26	41.3	22-13	59.1				
13.	Seneca	29-11	37-10	0-0	66-21	31.8	25-15	60.0	Lee County	25-13	18-7	0-0	43-20	46.5	24-13	54.2				
14.	Glasgow	34-15	26-9	0-0	60-24	40.0	18-11	61.1	Caneyville	19-7	35-9	0-0	54-16	29.6	19-11	57.9				
15.	Glasgow	29-15	27-15	0-0	56-30	53-6	27-17	63.0	Seneca	32-17	30-12	0-0	62-29	46.8	17-10	58.8				

## The Flying Dutchman



This is the story of Kentucky's Game Guy of 1968—and, indeed, one of courage, desire, accomplishment, and inspiration. Lexington's Percy Hampton has not only brought honor to himself and his family, but to the entire bluegrass city as well.

When Percy Hampton was named for the honor because of his overcoming physical handicaps to engage in the sports program of the Kentucky High School Athletic Association, nobody was more proud than Price Lytle who had recommended him for the award. From Price, Lexington's well-known and highly respected sportsman, come the following facts which have endeared Kentucky's Game Guy of 1968 to the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Percy Hampton was born in Lexington eighteen years ago and immediately underwent surgery to remove his right arm at the shoulder, as well as the two middle fingers of his left hand, because of poor circulation. These physical handicaps, which have been with Percy all of his life, failed to stop him from engaging in sports.

The first sport to attract this Game Guy of 1968 was baseball, and after graduating from Little League and his playing position in right field, he turned to football. Percy made the varsity squad at Lafayette High School when he was a sophomore and has just completed his junior year of football playing a guard position. You've got to salute this high powered athlete who just laughed at handicaps and went on to make his sports letter in swimming as a diver, besides distinguishing himself as one of the best trampoline artists in his school, as well as excelling as a gymnast.

With all of his sports activities you are going to ask now about his academic achievements—and again our Game Guy is way out front. Percy plans to be a teacher and coach high school sports. Well liked by his teachers and fellow students, this kid with the heart of a lion continues to move forward. The kind of raw courage these Game Guys have displayed, since Bobby Birchdorfer started the big parade in 1949, to the great Percy Hampton in 1968, causes the Dutchman to say, "Step aside, Kentuckians, and let these Game Guys show you the way."

So it is that Price Lytle, 919 Marcellus Drive in Lexington, points with pride to the achievements of a physically handicapped lad and says, "If I never meet another youngster in my next eighteen years of officiating like this young man, knowing him has made my first eighteen years worthwhile. Let all of us who are connected with athletics continue to extend our hands and tip our hats to young fighting gentlemen like Percy Hampton."

To all of this, the Dutchman replies that this official, Price Lytle, must be proclaimed the winner of the Corn Cob Pipe for April, because of his unselfish

service to the young athletes with whom he associates himself. The little Kentucky thoroughbred, with the corn cob pipe adorning his neck, is now where thoroughbreds so rightly belong—in the bluegrass of Kentucky in Price Lytle's den.

Another Corn Cob Pipe went to Western Kentucky's Coach Nick Denes. Throughout a distinguished lifetime of winning championships as a coach, this gentle fellow and respected leader has always been for the development of clean, young manhood first and championships later. In his early years at Corbin, Coach Denes won the State High School Basketball Tournament. Later came outstanding achievements as football coach at Male High and then at Western, where my former schoolmate, President Kelly Thompson of that university, places him right at the top of his totem pole. As my old and highly revered friend passes on his head football coaching duties to personable Jimmie Feix, the Dutchman says to those youngsters who have felt his influence "You're lucky." To Nick, the Dutchman says, "Nobody has ever deserved the Corn Cob Pipe of Honor more than you." May your tribe increase!

With spring, baseball, summer playground and recreation programs just around the bend, this writer makes one last comment on basketball and the State High School Basketball Tournament just completed, and here it is: The conduct of the record breaking crowds made all of us proud of the lessons of sportsmanship taught all over Kentucky; the gentlemanly and spirited play of the young competitors brings a salute for our coaches; the management of the schoolboy classic continues to be a tribute to a couple of grand guys, Ted and Joe Billy; while the officiating was the best the Dutchman has witnessed anywhere in the past decade. It is indeed hard to estimate the great value of the Kentucky High School Athletic Association's program, both in the past and present, to the Great Community of Kentucky.

From so many places came so many compliments relative to the courtesies extended our sports officials by coaches, principals, and spectators that space prohibits mentioning them all, but here's a couple just for samples: From Buddy Hewitt there is a letter saying that Owensboro's Coach Tom Meredith should be cited for his courtesy to officials, and another from one of the officiating Smith twins (Wayne or Willard—I can't tell them apart) says that a monument should be built somewhere in Kentucky proclaiming the good which Caneyville's Ramon Major has done for schoolboy sports and for his courtesies to sports officials. Kentucky's a great place to live because so many great guys do so many unselfish things for somebody else.

In case you're in Harrodsburg in early April, come around to the big rally for summer recreation programs which Wilson Burks is staging with the Flying Dutchman as the speaker. What have you done about starting a playground program where you live this summer? Remember that many boys join gangs because they never had a chance to join teams.

## New Films

The films listed below are in the Film Library of the University of Kentucky College of Education. The rental prices shown do not apply to schools which use one of the special subscriptions service plans, offered by the Bureau of Audio-Visual Materials.

OCTOBER MADNESS—THE WORLD SERIES, e-j-s-c-a, 2 reels (22 Min.), black and white, \$1.00

This film shows many of the unforgettable feats performed by players as they happened in World Series past. Dramatic plays that made everlasting heroes are highlighted along with the anguish felt by

# 1968 State Basketball Tournament Statistics

Number of Games Included in Report: 15

Average overall time from opening toss of ball to final gun: 76 minutes

Average Score for Winners: 69.7 For Losers: 60.4 Total of Both: 130.1

Total No. Free Throw Attempts (P & T for all games): 373/588 Successful 62.9%

Total No. of Overtimes: .13

## DATA COLLECTED BY FIRST STATISTICIAN

Average No.:	(a) Fouls involving dribbler and guard: _____	7.3	per game
Average No.:	(b) Times dribbler committed foul: _____	1	per game
Average No.:	(c) Player control foul committed by player while he or a teammate was in control _____	1.7	per game
Average No.:	(d) Personal fouls along free throw lane: By team A ___	.40	per game
	By Team B ___	0	per game
Average No.:	(e) Personal fouls committed by either team in back court of team with the ball _____	4.1	per game
Average No.:	(f) Times player committed five personal fouls _____	.40	per game
Average No.:	(g) Intentional foul _____	0	per game
Average No.:	(h) Flagrant foul: _____	0	per game
Average No.:	(i) Technical foul on coach or bench personnel for unsportsmanlike conduct: _____	0	per game
Average No.:	(j) Personal fouls per game (include all personals):		
	By winning team ___	13.2	per game
	By losing team ___	15.1	per game
Average No.:	(k) Technical fouls per game: By winning Team .20 By losing Team .60		
Average No.:	(l) Number of times official was required to indicate whether goal counted as period ended: _____	.60	per game

## DATA COLLECTED BY SECOND STATISTICIAN

Average No. of times:	(a) Violation for traveling (by both teams) _____	6.5	per game
Average No. of times:	(b) Violation by team A player along free throw lane _____	.07	per game
Average No. of times:	(c) Violation of team B player along free throw lane _____	0	per game
Average No. of times:	(d) Violation by free thrower _____	0	per game
Average No. of times:	(e) Violation of throw-in provision by player making throw-in _____	.07	per game
Average No. of times:	(f) Basket interference occurred _____	.20	per game
Average No. of times:	(g) Violation (of all types): Winning team ___	10.5	per game
	Losing team ___	10.7	per game
Average No. of times:	(h) Substitutes entered game _____	9.9	per game
Average No. of times:	(i) Substitute entered after a violation _____	3.9	per game
Average No. of times:	(j) Ball became alive by jump ball _____	6.8	per game
Average No. of times:	(k) Held balls called in mid-court area because of 5-second rule _____	.40	per game
Average No. of times:	(l) Time-outs charged to: Winning team _____	2.40	per game
	Losing team _____	3.5	per game
Average No. of times:	(m) Official was required to indicate whether goal counted as period ended: _____	.20	per game

the victims.

WORLD SERIES OF 1967, e-j-s-c-a, 4 reels, (44 Min.), color, \$1.00

The St. Louis Cardinals need the full seven games to win the championship over the Boston Red Sox. Harry Carey narrates the play as Jim Lonborg, aided by slugger Carl Yastremski, wins two games for the Sox but can not match the three wins by Bob Gibson of the Cards.

BASEBALL ALL-STAR GAME OF 1967, e-j-s-c-a, 2 reels. (22 Min.), color, \$1.00

The National and American League All-Star Game was played in the new Anaheim Stadium home of the California Angels. The Phillies' Richie Allen homered in the first inning and Frank Robinson of Baltimore tied the score in the second. In the fifteenth inning Tony Perez of Cincinnati broke the tie and won the game for the National League by hitting a home run.

### 1968 Annual Meeting

(Continued from Page One)

has started, he remains eligible for the remainder of the season in that sport. For the application of this rule, the fall sports season shall begin on September 1, the winter sports season on November 1, and the spring sports season on April 1."

### PROPOSAL III

Prin. J. C. Cantrell (Valley) proposes that the following be substituted for the sentence beginning "Terms of Board members" in Article IV, Section 2-a, in the Constitution: "Terms of Board members shall be staggered so that two will be elected each year. Board members shall alternate each four-year term between regions within each section. The plan of alternating board members from one region to the other region within a section shall become effective July 1, 1968."

### 1968 Track Questions

(Continued from Page Five)

22. Situation: Runner A1 has his feet on top of the starting blocks. They do not touch the ground. Should he be charged with a false start?

Ruling: Yes, if a competitor is in an illegal position, it is the same as if he were in motion and he is charged with a false start whether or not the gun is fired.

23. Situation: A1 is in the set position with his fingers on the starting line.

Ruling: This is an illegal position.

Comment: The starter may instruct all competitors to avoid touching the ground on or beyond the starting line. This should not be necessary if the athletes are properly coached. There is no rule to prohibit the runner from leaning over the starting line so his head and shoulders are extended through the perpendicular plane, but the prohibition is against touching the ground on or beyond the line. This same prohibition applies to the first man of a relay team. A runner on the relay team may not allow the baton to touch the ground in advance of the starting line.

24. Situation: During competition in the field events: (a) the high jump crossbar is blown or jarred from its perch without it having been touched by the competitor; or (b) a vaulter legally clears the crossbar but his properly released pole is blown forward.

Ruling: In (a) if it is clear the crossbar is displaced by a force entirely disassociated with the competitor and if it is after he is clearly over the jump, it is successful. If it is before he has cleared the bar, he should have a substitute trial. In (b) a designated official should attempt to catch the pole if there is a tail wind. If he does not catch the pole, it is an unsuccessful trial if the pole displaces the bar or if the pole falls forward and touches the ground or pit beyond the plane of the stopboard.

25. Situation: In the pole vault competition, A1 successfully clears the bar but his improperly released pole falls forward and touches the ground outside the standards but beyond the plane of the stopboard.

Ruling: This is a violation. Whenever the pole of a competitor touches the ground beyond the plane of

the stopboard, it constitutes a violation and the trial is unsuccessful.

26. Situation: In the pole vault competition, A1 successfully clears the height without touching the crossbar. However, his vaulting pole, which was properly released, remained upright in the planting box leaning to one side against the protective cushion which extends out of the landing pit on either side of the planting box at a height of about 24 inches. The pole does not break the plane of the crossbar.

Ruling: This is not a violation provided the upright pole is stationary. The pole may be removed by a judge. However, if the pole is moving and there is a possibility that it may break the plane of the crossbar, its removal would necessitate counting the try as a miss.

27. Situation: During the first round of trials in the high jump, A1, while wearing ankle weights: (a) clears the bar; or (b) misses.

Ruling: Illegal in both (a) and (b) and A1 is disqualified.

28. Situation: During the mile run: (a) the coach of A positions himself in the stands along the backstretch and calls split lap times to his runners; or (b) B1 sets a very fast pace and then drops out after the first lap; or C1 and C2 pace themselves so that they continue to run directly in front of, and to the side of, D4.

Ruling: The action in all instances is illegal. In (a) disqualify all A runners. In (b) disqualify B runner who was being paced; and in (c) disqualify both C1 and C2.

29. Situation: During a relay race, A3 misjudges the approach of A2 and runs out of the exchange zone and: (a) receives the baton outside of the exchange zone; or (b) realizes his error and returns but is not completely in the zone, although the exchange is completed before the baton is out of the exchange zone.

Ruling: Illegal in (a) but legal in (b). It is permissible for the runner's body to be outside of the zone but the exchange itself must be completed while the baton is in the zone.

30. Situation: During the warm-up period prior to competition in the triple jump: (a) A1 marks his check points on an all-weather runway with spray paint; or (b) B1 places painted tongue depressors at the side of the runway; or (c) C1 places a small flag at the side of the pit 48 feet from the scratch line.

Ruling: It is illegal to place any mark or marker on the runway or in the pit for the triple jump. Therefore, the marks in (a) are not permitted, but the markers in (b) and (c) are legal.

31. Situation: High jumper A1 requests that a cloth marker be placed on the crossbar so that he may more clearly see the bar. During his trial he is clearly over the crossbar but catches the cloth marker and dislodges the bar.

Ruling: This is an unsuccessful trial. A1 may have the cloth marker placed to help him distinguish the crossbar, but even though he did not contact the bar directly it is an unsuccessful trial when the bar is dislodged.

32. Situation: The 180 yard low hurdles are being run around one full turn with properly marked lanes. A1 just tips the third hurdle and, in recovering, steps out of his lane: (a) and interferes with B1; or (b) runs around the fourth hurdle; or (c) but does not hinder any runner. In any case, A1 is the first to cross the finish line.

Ruling: In both (a) and (b) A1 must be disqualified. In (c) he is declared the winner.

33. Situation: On a windy day, with the wind constantly switching directions, during a properly sanc-

tioned interstate invitational meet, A1: (a) runs the high hurdles in a time which is .2 second less than the existing record; or (b) successfully high jumps  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch above the record; or (c) puts the shot farther than the record distance. No anemometer is available.

Ruling: No record is allowed in (a). An anemometer reading is not required in the high jump or shot put and, therefore, new records are established in (b) and (c).

34. Situation: During the first heat in the preliminaries of the 120 yard high hurdles, A1 falls, causing B1 the break his stride and hit a hurdle. As a result, B1 is last to finish. The referee permits B1 to run in the third heat since there is a vacant lane.

Ruling: If, in the opinion of the inspector, the fall by A1 caused B1 to be placed at a disadvantage and he reports this, the referee is authorized to place B1 in another heat if a vacant lane is available.

35. Situation: During a conference meet, A1 completes the low hurdle race in a time which is less than the existing record. During the race, A1 knocked over four hurdles. The pullover force of the rocker-type hurdles was less than 8 pounds.

Ruling: A1 is declared the winner of the race since the number of hurdles he knocked over does not affect this. However, since the pullover weight was less than specified, no record should be recognized.

36. Situation: At the start: (a) A1 loses his balance after being in the set position and falls forward, or (b) the feet of B1 are placed on his blocks but not in contact with the track; or (c) when the gun is fired, the blocks of C1 slip and he loses his balance.

Ruling: It is a false start in (a) and (b). In (c) the runners are recalled and the race restarted.

37. Situation: During the last exchange in a relay, A3 is impeded by: (a) an official; or (b) B4; or (c) a spectator. The exchange zone inspector reports the interference to the head inspector who reports to the referee.

Ruling: In (a) and (c) the race may be run again if any team in contention was placed at a disadvantage. In (b) team B would be disqualified. The referee has wide discretionary authority in instances such as this. If it is evident that the incident prevented a team from placing, the referee should take steps necessary to equably provide for the teams.

38. Situation: In measuring the throws in the discus: (a) A1 has a mark of  $148'10\frac{1}{4}"$  or (b) the best throw of B1 is  $149'2\frac{7}{8}"$ .

Ruling: In (a) the throw is recorded as  $148'10"$  and in (b) it is recorded as  $149'2"$ . For any measurement of more than 100 feet, fractional measurements are recorded to the nearest lesser inch.

39. Situation: In a five-team meet, only four schools have mile relay teams. During the race, team A is disqualified. How is the event scored?

Ruling: The number of places to score in a relay is one less than the number of teams participating. In this situation, score 1st, 5 points; 2nd, 3 points, and 3rd, 2 points.

40. Situation: In the triple jump, there is a three-way tie for 1st. How is this resolved?

Ruling: The placing will be determined according to the second best jump by each contestant. If a tie still exists, it is resolved by comparing the third best marks.

41. Situation: In the finals of the 220 yard dash, one judge picks A1 second, the third place judge picks A1. The timers stop their watches with B1 who is declared the winner. C1 was not picked although he was very close to the leaders and the head finish judge places him third.

Ruling: This is within the authority of the head

finish judge. A1 is second since the decision of the judge picking the higher place shall overrule the decision of the judge picking a lower scoring place.

42. Situation: In the javelin, a throw by A1 "floats" and lands beyond the line indicating the meet record. The rear tip hits the ground first and the javelin slides along the ground.

Ruling: This is a foul and constitutes a trial but it is not measured.

43. Situation: For the competition in the shot put, A1 appears with a metal shot on which he has placed tape in a criss-cross design in order to get a better grip on the shot.

Ruling: Illegal. The tape must be removed before A1 is permitted to compete.

44. Situation: After competition has been completed in the discus and: (a) the final places have not been awarded; or (b) the places have been determined by the judge and the winners announced, it is discovered that the discus used by the winner, A1, did not meet the minimum weight standards.

Ruling: Disqualify A1 in (a) and move place winners up one step. In (b) there can be no changes made after the places have been awarded.

45. Situation: In the high jump, A1 has been called for his second trial at a given height. He approaches the bar to measure it with his eye and then paces off his steps. He goes through this procedure twice and then makes two run-ups without trying. Following this he further studies the bar, etc. All of this exceeds 2 minutes.

Ruling: Charge A1 with an unsuccessful trial.

46. Situation: In the mile relay, A2, running in lane 1, comes off the final curve in second place and veers to lane 3 where A3 has been placed. B2, in third place, is running in lane 2 and states that he was forced to slow his pace when A2 crossed from lane 1 to 3.

Ruling: There is no violation. It is the responsibility of exchange zone judge to place the outgoing runners and each passer is required to keep a straight course.

47. Situation: In a large invitational meet in a state which does not establish limits of participation, the meet director in his preliminary bulletin announces that boys who are running the two-mile may compete in one other track event of less than 440 yards.

Ruling: This is not permissible. The limitations in rule 4-2 are intended to serve as a guide when there are no conference or state association standards. The announcements in preliminary bulletins should not be in conflict with either the state association or the rules book.

## Supplementary List of Registered Baseball Officials

(List Compiled April 1)

If one telephone number is given for an official listed, it is the home phone unless otherwise designated. If two numbers are given, the first number is that of the home phone.

Baldrige, Bill James, Goodpaster Avenue, Owingsville  
 Bell, Leonard T., Route 2, Hodgenville, 358-4168, 358-3196  
 Bishop, Edward Lee, 1507 Garrard, Covington, 431-5203, 922-4080  
 Bosse, William J., 3306 Roger St., Covington, 291-8765  
 Callis, Herbert D., 1646 East 17th, Bowling Green, 842-2348, 842-5351  
 Cappel, William F., 822 Perry St., Covington, 431-0232, 721-8070  
 Clardy, Barry D., Route 2, Box 188 C, Greenville, 338-3510, 338-3036  
 Collins, Rudy G., 466 Lima Drive, Lexington, 252-1375, 266-0532  
 Colvin, Dorce, 2408 Broadway, Catlettsburg, 739-5715  
 Conn, Delano, Printer, 285-3645  
 Cooper, Willie V., 2206 Madison, Paducah, 443-3107, 444-7251  
 Crager, Bobby F., South Lake Drive, Prestonsburg, 886-3682, 886-3891  
 Davis, Curt, 1119 E. Burnett, Louisville, 634-4959, JU 2-3511 ext. 471

## *The State Tournament – Some Random Observations*

The generally good appearance and conduct of the students speak well for our schools and parents.

This event certainly is a high spot of the year in our State and this is no accident. We should all be grateful to the Commissioners, staff, Board of Control and the many volunteer helpers who combine their talents and efforts to make this the number one Tournament in the Country.

The 374 member schools of the K.H.S.A.A., their principals, coaches, players and student bodies have a right to be proud of what they stand for and are accomplishing.

The sixteen teams who earn their way to the Tournament certainly deserve commendation.

Wonder if any other State Tournament is as thoroughly scouted for talent? Or has as many loyal supporters? Or stirs up more enthusiasm? Or has more vivacious cheer-leaders or better bands?

In a word — we're thankful for Tournament Time.

## *The Kingden Company* GENERAL AGENT

W. E. KINGSLEY

J. E. McCREARY, Mgr.  
Life Department

CHARLES C. PRICE

121-123 LAFAYETTE AVENUE  
P. O. BOX 7100

LEXINGTON, KY. 40502

PHONE 254-4095

- Dick, C. E., 609 W. Tenth Ave., Huntington, W. Va.  
Downs, Charles, 219 Wells Ave., Owingsville, 674-4461, 674-4461  
Earle, Herschel G., Route 2, Berry, Cynthia 234-5842  
Early, Edward B., Jr., 1212 Octavian Circle, Lexington  
Ernst, Raymond G., Pike Street YMCA, Covington  
Fallis, George F., Jr., 3811 Lori, Erlanger, 341-3634  
Farris, Reuben L., 308 Coyle St., Owingsville, 674-2291  
Fraleigh, Bill, 1604 Lee Drive, Henderson, VA 7-3232  
Freeman, Joe T., 125 Byron Drive, Paducah, 898-2006  
Gibbs, Clyde Richard, 20½ Boone, Winchester, 744-7584, 252-0361  
Gibson, Robert R., 202 Michigan Ave., Monticello, 348-2586  
Gilley, Charles R., P. O. Box 125, Owingsville, 674-7501, 674-4451  
Glass, Frank, 2004 Deauville Drive, Lexington, 255-1798, 252-2312  
Goetz, Herbert, 35 Linet Ave., Highland Heights, 441-2825, 441-8575  
Griffith, Edwin Dale, 2334 East Jepson St., Ashland, 324-2497, 324-1155 ext. 333 or 334  
Handley, Samuel P., Route 1, Hodgenville, 358-3195 (Bus.)  
Hensley, Larry, 226 E. High St., Lexington, 252-2493, 299-1221, ext. 2117  
Hill, Archie, North 10th Street, Williamsburg, 549-2167, 549-2484  
Hill, Clyde E., North 6th Street, Williamsburg, 549-2666, 549-1360  
Hollingsworth, Henry, Streets Avenue, Elkton, 265-2340, 265-2545  
Hudson, Doug, P. O. Box 43, Worthville, 732-6423  
Hudson, J. D., Route 2, Caneyville, 879-4466  
Huggins, Jim, 351 Sumpter, Bowling Green, 842-5519, 842-5503  
Hurt, Thomas C., 220 Crab Orchard St., Lancaster, 792-3067, 792-2312  
Jacobs, Dorris R., 254 Seminole Drive, Paducah, 442-5233, 443-2461  
Jagers, Larry, Canmer  
Johnson, Harry B., 3024 Stanford Drive, Lexington, 277-2889, 266-0532  
Joseph, Herschel, Short Street, Prestonsburg, 886-2256  
Kircher, Dennis Wayne, 26 E. 43rd St., Covington, 581-8458  
Kouns, Robert H., P. O. Box 161, South Shore, 932-4540, 757-2661  
Kuhl, Lawrence, Houser Lane, London, 864-6235, 864-6240  
Leigh, Eugene F., 506 17th St., Corbin, 528-1501, 528-1212, ext. 35  
Lloyd, Bert Leonard, 4223 Auburn Road, Huntington, W. Va.  
Logsdon, Charles William, 104 Hurstborne Ave., Bardstown, 348-9419, 349-5931  
McBride, W. Kenneth, 157 St. William Drive, Lexington  
Marsh, Randall G., 1520 Greenup St., Covington, 581-5848  
Martin, Roger K., P. O. Box 174, Park City, 749-8425, 749-2860  
Mitchell, James, Nortonville, 676-3272, 676-3443  
Mulligan, J. T., 427 Center, Erlanger, 341-5628, 341-5628  
Nash, Richard C., 703 Scherm Road, Owensboro, 684-7957  
Pace, Donald W., 2023 Deauville, Lexington, 252-6535, 255-0398  
Palko, Edward T., 126 Holmes, Apt. 1, Frankfort, 223-8049, 223-0565  
Pietrowski, Paul, 108 Bishop St., Corbin, 528-6391, 528-1630  
Prather, David, Route 2, LaGrange, 279-5812  
Quisenberry, James M., 1900 Farnsley Road, Apt. 9, Louisville, 448-6152  
Ramey, Herbert, Farmers, 784-4724, 784-7726  
Roe, Doyle "Buddy," Whitesburg High School, Whitesburg, 633-2058, 633-2339  
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Shaw, Earl, 121 Hagan Court, Lancaster, 792-2370, 548-2238  
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